Preparation of N-substituted sulfoximines by benzotriazole methodology

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Abstract

Diverse *N*-substituted sulfoximines **5a**—**n** were prepared by nucleophilic replacement of the benzotriazole moiety in *N*-(benzotriazol-1-ylalkyl)sulfoximines **3a**—**e** using organozinc reagents or allylsilanes. *N*-(Benzotriazol-1-ylalkyl)sulfoximines **3**, in turn, were obtained by condensation of sulfoximines **1** with aldehydes **2** and benzotriazole.

Keywords: N-Substituted sulfoximines, condensation, nucleophilic substitution, organozinc reagents, allylsilanes

Introduction

N-Functionalized sulfoximine derivatives are antimuscarinic, spasmolytic,¹ antiarrhythmic,² γ-glutamylcysteine synthetase inhibitors,³ possess antitumor activity,⁴ and are important synthetic intermediates.⁵ Several methods have been developed for the preparation of *N*-substituted sulfoximines from *NH*-sulfoximines: (i) Eschweiler-Clark conditions for *N*-methylated sulfoximines;⁶ (ii) palladium-catalyzed reactions for *N*-arylated sulfoximines;⁷ and (iii) base-catalyzed Michael-type additions⁸ or base-promoted alkylations^{9a} or acylations^{9b} (Scheme 1).

Nucleophilic substitution of the benzotriazole moiety in benzotriazolylmethyl amines is an efficient method to prepare *N*-alkylated amines, ¹⁰ amides, ¹¹ thioamides, ¹² or sulfonamides. ¹³ Herein, we report the preparation of *N*-(benzotriazol-1-ylalkyl)sulfoximines **3** as intermediates and subsequent nucleophilic replacement of the benzotriazolyl anion to introduce a simple route to *N*-substituted sulfoximines **5**.

Results and Discussion

Preparation of N-(benzotriazol-1-vlmethyl)sulfoximines 3a–e

A variety of benzotriazolyl intermediates, which provide convenient routes to diverse heterocycles, ^{14a} are readily available by condensations of benzotriazole and aldehydes with amides, thio

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Scheme 1

amides, sulfonamides or acylhydrazines. We have now similarly prepared N-functionalized sulfoximines via N-(benzotriazol-1-ylmethyl)sulfoximines 3a—e (Scheme 2, Table 1). Thus, condensation of (\pm) -S-methyl-S-phenylsulfoximine (1a) with formaldehyde and benzotriazole in the presence of catalytic amounts of p-toluenesulfonic acid in refluxing toluene gave N-(benzotriazol-1-ylmethyl)-S-methyl-S-phenylsulfoximine (3a) in 73% yield. Similarly, reaction of 1a with benzotriazole and ethyl glyoxylate gave the desired ethyl 2-(1H-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)-2-[[methyl(oxo)phenyl- λ 6-sulfanylidene]amino]acetate (3b) in 82% yield. Condensation of diphenyl sulfoximine with formaldehyde or ethyl glyoxylate and benzotriazole gave the corresponding benzotriazole adducts 3c and 3d in 78% and 71% yield, respectively. Use of (1R)-(-)-menthyl glyoxylate in this condensation reaction provided the adduct 3c in 62% yield as a mixture of diastereomers in 1:1 ratio, as determined by the 1 H-NMR spectrum of the crude product. Condensation of (S)-(-)-S-methyl-S-phenylsulfoximine (S)-1a with formaldehyde and benzotriazole afforded the enantiopure benzotriazole intermediate (S)-3a in 69% yield. Structures of intermediates 3a—e are supported by their 1 H and 13 C NMR spectra and by elemental analysis or high-resolution MS data.

Nucleophilic substitution of 3a-c with organozinc reagents

Lewis acid (ZnCl₂) facilitates the loss of the benzotriazolyl anion in N-(benzotriazol-1-ylalkyl)-sulfoximines **3** to form N-methylene-(λ^6 -sulfanylidene)iminium ions **4-I** \leftrightarrow 1-(methyleneamino)- λ^4 -sulfonium ions **4-II**, which can undergo nucleophilic addition by organozinc reagents. Nucleophilic substitution of the benzotriazolyl group in **3a–c** by allyl or aryl groups was achieved by treatment of **3a–c** with allyl- or arylzinc reagents prepared *in situ* by reaction of zinc chloride with the corresponding Grignard reagents. The desired N-functionalized sulfoximines

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5a-h were obtained in 41–65% yields (Scheme 2, Table 2). Reaction of **3b** with benzylzinc chloride gave **5e** as a mixture of diastereoisomers in a 2:3 ratio. Attempts to improve the diastereoselectivity by lowering the reaction temperature or increasing the reaction time remained unsuccessful.

OPH R1 2 1 3 Lewis acid Ph R1 R2 A-II
$$R^3M$$
 OPH R1 R^3M OPH R2 R^3M OPH R1 R^3M

Scheme 2

Table 1. Preparation of N-(benzotriazol-1-ylalkyl)sulfoximines 3a–e

Sulfoximine	Aldehyde	R^1	R^2	Product	Yield [%]
1a	2a	Ме	Н	3a	73
1a	2b	Me	CO ₂ Et	3b	82
1b	2a	Ph	Н	3c	78
1b	2 b	Ph	CO ₂ Et	3d	71
1b	2c	Ph	0	3e	62
(S)-1a	2a	Me	Н	(S)-3a	69

Nucleophilic substitution of 3a—e with allylsilanes

Lewis acid promoted reactions of allylsilanes with benzotriazole intermediates result in nucleophilic substitution. ¹⁵ Reaction of **3b** with allyltrimethylsilane in the presence of BF₃•Et₂O gave *N*-substituted sulfoximine **5i** in 64% yield (Table 2). Similarly, (benzotriazol-1-yl-methyl)diphenylsulfoximine **3c** reacted with allyltrimethylsilane or (2-methylpropenyl)-trimethylsilane to give **5j** and **5k** in 74% and 92% yields, respectively. Bulky intermediates **3d,e**, which showed no reactivity towards organozinc reagents, reacted readily with

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allyltrimethylsilane to afford *N*-substituted sulfoximines **51** and **5m** in 71% and 60% yields, respectively. However, the sulfur chiral center did not exert any diastereoselectivity, and sulfoximine **5i** was obtained as a 1:1 mixture of diastereoisomers as determined by 1 H and 13 C NMR spectra. Use of (R)-(-)-menthyl group as an additional chiral moiety in **3e** also resulted in the formation of a 1:1 mixture of diastereomers **5m** in 60% yield upon reaction with allyl(trimethyl)silane. Similarly, reactions of (S)-**3a** with allyl(trimethyl)silane or 2-methyl-3-(trimethyl)silyl-1-propene gave sulfoximines (S)-**5a** or (S)-**5n** in 77 and 67% yields, respectively.

Table 2. Preparation of *N*-substituted sulfoximines **5a-n**

Staring material	Nucleophile	R ¹	R^2	R^3	Product	Yield [%]
3a	ZnCl	Me	Н	<i></i>	5a	45
3a	PhZnCl	Me	Н	Ph	5b	45
3a	4-CIC ₆ H ₄ ZnCl	Me	Н	4-CIC ₆ H ₄	5c	62
3a	PhCH₂ZnCl	Me	Н	PhCH ₂	5d	65
3 b	PhCH₂ZnCl	Me	CO ₂ Et	PhCH ₂	5e	41
3c	4-CIC ₆ H ₄ ZnCl	Ph	Н	4-CIC ₆ H ₄	5f	62
3c	PhCH ₂ ZnCl	Ph	Н	Ph	5 g	49
3c	(2-mesityl)ZnCl	Ph	Н	2-mesityl	5h	53
3 b	√SiMe ₃	Me	CO ₂ Et	<i></i>	5i	64
3c	√SiMe ₃	Ph	Н	<i></i>	5 j	74
3c	√SiMe ₃	Ph	Н		5k	92
3d	√SiMe ₃	Ph	CO ₂ Et	<i></i>	51	71
3e	∠SiMe ₃	Ph		<i></i> ∼	5m	60
(S)-3a	SiMe₃	Me	Н	<i></i>	(S)-5a	77
(S)- 3a	↓ SiMe ₃	Me	Н	\downarrow	(S)-5n	67

Conclusions

In summary, we have introduced a general and convenient method for the preparation of *N*-substituted sulfoximines *via* readily available *N*-(benzotriazol-1-ylmethyl)sulfoximines.

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Experimental Section

General Procedures. ¹H NMR spectra were determined at 300 MHz and ¹³C NMR at 75 MHz in CDCl₃ (with TMS for ¹H and CDCl₃ for ¹³C as the internal reference). HRMS was measured on an AEI-30 mass spectrometer. Tetrahydrofuran (THF) was distilled from Na/benzophenone, dichloromethane was distilled from CaH₂ under N₂. Sulfoximines **1a**, **1b** and (*S*)-**1a** were prepared according to literature procedures. ¹⁶

General procedure for the preparation of N-(benzotriazol-1-ylalkyl)sulfoximines 3a-e

A mixture of aldehyde 2 (10 mmol), benzotriazole (1.19 g, 10 mmol), sulfoximine 1 (10 mmol) and catalytic p-TsOH (30 mg) in toluene was refluxed overnight under N_2 in a Dean-Stark apparatus. After removal of water, toluene was evaporated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified by column chromatography with hexanes/ethyl acetate (from 1:1 to 1:3) to give the desired product 3.

1-[[Methyl(oxo)phenyl-\lambda^6-sulfanylidene]amino]methyl]-1*H***-1,2,3-benzotriazole (3a).** Colorless plates (from hexanes/chloroform); mp 88–89 °C; yield 73%. ¹H NMR: δ 7.93 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.72–7.68 (m, 3H), 7.53–7.29 (m, 5H), 5.95 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (d, J = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 3.09 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR: δ 146.0, 139.0, 133.3, 132.5, 129.3, 127.7, 127.1, 123.7, 119.6, 110.3, 57.0, 45.4. Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₄N₄OS: C, 58.72; H, 4.93; N, 19.57. Found: C, 58.86; H, 4.79; N, 19.95.

Ethyl 2-(1*H***-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)-2-[[methyl(oxo)phenyl-\lambda^6-sulfanylidene]amino]acetate (3b).** A 1:1 mixture of diastereomers as determined by ¹H NMR spectrum of the crude product. After recrystallization, one isomer was separated and characterized. Colorless plates (from hexanes/chloroform); mp 114–115 °C; yield 82%. ¹H NMR: δ 8.07–7.99 (m, 1H), 7.74–7.62 (m, 3H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (s, 1H), 4.25–4.10 (m, 2H), 3.07 (s, 3H), 1.15 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR: δ 167.5, 146.5, 137.6, 133.9, 132.1, 129.7, 128.6, 127.2, 123.9, 119.7, 112.5, 70.3, 62.3, 45.1, 13.8. Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₁₈N₄O₃S: C, 56.97; H, 5.06; N, 15.63. Found: C, 57.31; H, 4.95; N, 15.92.

1-[[[Oxo(diphenyl)-\lambda^6-sulfanylidene]amino]methyl]-1*H***-1,2,3-benzotriazole (3c).** White prisms (from hexanes/chloroform); mp 123–124 °C; yield 78%. ¹H NMR: δ 7.96 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 4H), 7.79 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50–7.28 (m, 8H), 6.04 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR: δ 146.1, 140.0, 132.9, 132.6, 129.2, 128.0, 127.1, 123.7, 119.6, 110.6, 57.3. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₁₆N₄OS: C, 65.50; H, 4.63; N, 16.08. Found: C, 65.80; H, 4.48; N, 16.17.

Ethyl 2-(1*H*-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)-2-[[oxo(diphenyl)- λ^6 -sulfanylidene]amino]acetate (3d). White prisms (from hexanes/ethyl acetate); mp 86–87 °C; yield 71%. ¹H NMR: δ 8.05–7.96 (m, 4H), 7.67–7.64 (m, 2H), 7.62–7.25 (m, 8H), 6.77 (s, 1H), 4.22 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR: δ 167.7, 146.4, 139.0, 133.3, 133.0, 132.1, 129.4, 129.1, 128.4, 128.0, 127.2, 123.9, 119.6, 112.6, 70.0, 62.4, 13.9. Anal. Calcd for C₂₂H₂₀N₄O₃S: C, 62.84; H, 4.79; N, 13.32. Found: C, 62.96; H, 4.77; N, 13.27.

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(1*R*,2*S*,5*R*)-2-Isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl 2-(1*H*-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)-2-[[diphenyl(oxo)- λ^6 -sulfanylidene]amino]acetate (3e). Isolated as a 1:1 mixture of diastereomers; colorless oil; yield 62%. ¹H NMR: δ 8.03–7.94 (m, 4H), 7.75–7.68 (m, 2H), 7.60–7.25 (m, 8H), 6.77 (s, 0.5×1 H), 6.76 (s, 0.5×1 H, isomer), 4.76 (dt, *J* = 10.9, 4.4 Hz, 0.5×1H), 4.67 (dt, *J* = 10.9, 4.4 Hz, 0.5×1 H), 2.07–1.81 (m, 2H), 1.65–0.73 (m, 13H), 0.58 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 0.5×3 H), 0.42 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 0.5×3H, isomer); ¹³C NMR: δ 167.3 (167.2), 146.3 (146.3), 139.2 (139.1), 138.9, 133.2, 133.0 (132.9), 132.1 (132.0), 129.3, 129.0 (128.9), 128.5 (128.4), 128.0 (127.9), 127.1 (127.0), 123.8 (123.7), 119.5, 112.7 (112.5), 70.2 (70.1), 46.8 (46.6), 40.2 (40.1), 33.9, 31.2 (31.2), 25.9 (25.4), 23.1 (22.8), 21.8, (21.8), 20.6 (20.4), 16.1 (15.6). HRMS calcd for C₃₀H₃₅N₄O₃S: 531.2429, found: 531.2425.

(S)-1-[[[Methyl(oxo)phenyl- λ^6 -sulanylidene]amino]methyl]-1*H*-1,2,3-benzotriazole (S)-(3a). $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +32.6$ (c 1.32, CHCl₃); other data same as 3a.

General procedure for the nucleophilic substitution of 3a-c with organozinc reagents

A solution of zinc chloride (1.0 M, 1.2 mL, 1.2 mmol) in THF was added to a flask containing a solution of the Grignard reagent (1.0 M, 1.2 mL, 1.2 mmol) in THF (10 mL) under nitrogen at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 45 min and then cooled to 0 °C again, and *N*-(benzotriazol-1-ylalkyl)sulfoximine **3** (1 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight at 25 °C, quenched with dil. aqueous NH₄Cl and extracted with diethyl ether. The organic layer was washed with NaHCO₃, brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and then removed. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using hexanes/ethyl acetate (1:2) as eluent to afford the desired *N*- substituted sulfoximines **5a-h**.

(3-Butenylimino)(methyl)oxo(phenyl)- λ^6 -sulfane (5a). Colorless oil; yield 45%. ¹H NMR: δ 7.93–7.90 (m, 2H), 7.65–7.54 (m, 3H), 5.90–5.76 (m, 1H), 5.08–4.97 (m, 2H), 3.14–3.00 (m, 4H), 2.90–2.81 (m, 1H), 2.32 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR: δ 139.5, 136.6, 132.8, 129.4, 128.6, 115.7, 45.1, 43.5, 37.1. Anal. Calcd for C₁₁H₁₅NOS: C, 63.12; H, 7.22; N, 6.69. Found: C, 62.64; H, 7.51; N, 6.89.

(Benzylimino)(methyl)oxo(phenyl)- λ^6 -sulfane (5b). Colorless oil; yield 45%. H NMR: δ 7.95–7.92 (m, 2H), 7.64–7.53 (m, 3H), 7.37–7.16 (m, 5H), 4.21 (d, J = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (d, J = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 3.14 (s, 3H). CNMR: δ 141.2, 139.4, 132.9, 129.4, 128.6, 128.2, 127.6, 126.5, 47.3, 45.3. Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₅NOS: C, 68.54; H, 6.16; N, 5.71. Found: C, 68.07; H, 6.32; N, 5.92.

[(4-Chlorobenzyl)imino](methyl)oxo(phenyl)- λ^6 -sulfane (5c). White prisms (from hexanes /ethyl acetate); mp 61–62 °C; yield 62%. ¹H NMR: δ 7.93–7.90 (m, 2H), 7.66–7.52 (m, 3H), 7.31–7.23 (m, 4H), 4.15 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 1H), 3.15 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR: δ 139.7, 139.3, 133.0, 132.2, 129.5, 128.9, 128.6, 128.3, 46.7, 45.3. Anal. Calcd for $C_{14}H_{14}CINOS$: C, 60.10; H, 5.04; N, 5.01. Found: C, 60.06; H, 5.12; N, 4.97.

Methyl(oxo)(phenethylimino)(phenyl)- λ ⁶**-sulfane (5d).** Colorless oil; yield 65%. ¹H NMR: δ 7.79–7.76 (m, 2H), 7.61–7.48 (m, 3H), 7.27–7.16 (m, 5H), 3.28–3.19 (m, 1H), 3.06–2.96 (m,

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4H), 2.90–2.85 (m, 2H). 13 C NMR: δ 140.4, 139.4, 132.8, 129.3, 128.9, 128.6, 128.2, 125.9, 45.8, 45.1, 39.4. HRMS calcd for $C_{15}H_{18}NOS$: 260.1109, found: 260.1107.

Ethyl 2-[[methyl(oxo)phenyl- λ^6 -sulfanylidene]amino]-3-phenylpropanoate (5e). Isolated as a mixture of diastereomers in 2:3 ratio; colorless oil; yield 41%. ¹H NMR: δ 7.91–7.89 (m, 1H), 7.60–7.50 (m, 2H), 7.32–7.17 (m, 7H), 4.20–3.60 (m, 3H), 3.20–2.90 (m, 5H), 1.23 (t, J= 7.2 Hz, 0.4×3H, diastereomer 1), 1.02 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 0.6×3H, diastereomer 2). ¹³C NMR: δ 173.6 (172.8), 138.3 (137.8), 133.0 (132.7), 129.9, 129.6, 129.2, 129.1, 128.5, 128.4, 128.1, 126.1, 60.8 (60.4), 59.4 (58.3), 45.2 (45.1), 42.3 (41.4), 14.0 (13.9). Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₂₁NO₃S: C, 65.23; H, 6.39; N, 4.23. Found: C, 65.41; H, 6.52; N, 4.49.

[(4-Chlorobenzyl)imino](oxo)diphenyl- λ ⁶-sulfane (5f). Colorless oil; yield 62%. ¹H NMR: δ 8.01–7.98 (m, 4H), 7.53–7.45 (m, 6H), 7.38 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.24 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR: δ 140.5, 140.1, 132.5, 132.1, 129.2, 128.8, 128.5, 128.3, 46.5. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₁₆ClNOS: C, 66.76; H, 4.72. Found: C, 66.39; H, 4.96.

(**Benzylimino**)(**oxo**)**diphenyl-** λ ⁶**-sulfane** (**5g**). Colorless oil; yield 49%. H NMR: δ 8.03–8.00 (m, 4H), 7.53–7.44 (m, 8H), 7.32 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.25–7.19 (m, 1H), 4.28 (s, 2H). CNMR: δ 141.5, 140.7, 132.4, 129.1, 128.6, 128.2, 127.4, 126.4, 47.1. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₁₇NOS: C, 74.23; H, 5.57; N, 4.56. Found: C, 74.13; H, 5.59; N, 4.62.

[(Mesitylmethyl)imino](oxo)diphenyl- λ^6 -sulfane (5h). White microcrystals (from ethyl acetate/hexanes); mp 97 °C; yield 53%. ¹H NMR: δ 7.96–7.93 (m, 4H), 7.48–7.42 (m, 6H), 6.78 (s, 2H), 4.20 (s, 2H), 2.35 (s, 6H), 2.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR: δ 141.3, 136.9, 136.1, 134.5, 132.1, 128.9, 128.8, 128.3, 40.7, 20.8, 19.6. Anal. Calcd for C₂₂H₂₃NOS: C, 75.61; H, 6.63; N, 4.01. Found: C, 75.29; H, 6.75; N, 4.01.

General procedure for the nucleophilic substitution of 3a-e with allyl(trimethyl)silanes

To a mixture of *N*-(benzotriazol-1-ylalkyl)sulfoximine **3** (1 mmol) and allyl(trimethyl)silane (1 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added BF₃•Et₂O (2 mmol) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h and then at room temperature for 18 h. The reaction was quenched by aqueous NaHCO₃ solution and extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined solvent extract was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and removed *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography with hexanes/ethyl acetate (2:1) as eluent to give the desired *N*-substituted sulfoximine **5**.

Ethyl 2-[[methyl(oxo)phenyl-λ⁶**-sulfanylidene]amino]-4-pentenoate** (**5i**). Isolated as a 1:1 mixture of diastereomers; colorless oil; yield 64%. ¹H NMR: δ 7.96–7.92 (m, 2H), 7.67–7.52 (m, 3H), 5.93–5.70 (m, 1H), 5.13–5.02 (m, 2H), 4.18 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 0.5×2H, diastereomer 1), 4.12–3.91 (m, 0.5×2H, diastereomer 2), 3.76 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 0.5×1H, diastereomer 1), 3.69 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 0.5×1H, diastereomer 2), 3.15 (s, 3H), 2.64–2.40 (m, 2H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 0.5×3H, diastereomer 1), 1.15 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 0.5×3H, diastereomer 2). ¹³C NMR: δ 173.2, 172.7 (other diastereomer), 139.7, 139.4 (other diastereomer), 134.1, 134.0 (other diastereomer), 132.9, 129.2, 128.5, 128.3 (other diastereomer), 117.4, 117.3 (other diastereomer), 60.5, 60.3 (other diastereomer), 56.9, 56.4 (other diastereomer), 45.4, 45.0 (other diastereomer), 40.4, 39.5 (other

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diastereomer), 14.04, 13.98 (other diastereomer). Anal. Calcd for $C_{14}H_{19}NO_3S$: C, 59.76; H, 6.81; N, 4.98. Found: C, 60.17; H, 7.18; N, 4.92.

- (3-Butenylimino)(oxo)diphenyl-λ⁶-sulfane (5j). Colorless oil; yield 74%. ¹H NMR: δ 8.00–7.96 (m, 4H), 7.53–7.43 (m, 6H), 5.97–5.84 (m, 1H), 5.13–4.99 (m, 2H), 3.12 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.46–2.39 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR: δ 140.7, 136.8, 132.2, 129.0, 128.5, 115.7, 43.5, 37.3. Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₇NOS: C, 70.81; H, 6.31; N, 5.16. Found: C, 71.16; H, 6.47; N, 5.36.
- [(3-Methyl-3-butenyl)imino](oxo)diphenyl- λ^6 -sulfane (5k). Colorless oil; yield 92%. ¹H NMR: δ 7.99–7.96 (m, 4H), 7.50–7.43 (m, 6H), 4.75–4.74 (m, 2H), 3.17 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.71 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR: δ 144.2, 140.8, 132.2, 129.0, 128.5, 110.9, 42.5, 41.2, 22.7. Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₁₉NOS: C, 71.54; H, 6.71; N, 4.91. Found: C, 71.37; H, 6.78; N, 4.80.
- Ethyl 2-[[oxo(diphenyl)- λ^6 -sulfanylidene]amino]-4-pentenoate (5l). Colorless oil; yield 71%. ¹H NMR: δ 8.04–7.96 (m, 4H), 7.54–7.42 (m, 6H), 5.98–5.84 (m, 1H), 5.17–5.06 (m, 2H), 4.19–4.06 (m, 2H), 3.83 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.67–2.60 (m, 2H), 1.23 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR: δ 173.0, 140.3, 134.3, 132.4, 132.4, 128.9, 128.9, 128.6, 128.3, 117.3, 60.5, 56.9, 40.1, 14.1. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₂₁NO₃S: C, 66.45; H, 6.16; N, 4.08. Found: C, 66.56; H, 6.28; N, 4.28.
- **(1***R***,2***S***,5***R***)-2-Isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl 2-[[oxo(diphenyl)-**λ⁶-sulfanylidene]amino]-4-pentenoate (5m). Isolated as a 1:1 mixture of diasteromers; colorless oil; yield 60%. ¹H NMR: δ 8.08–8.04 (m, 2H), 7.96–7.92 (m, 2H), 7.54–7.42 (m, 6H), 6.01–5.83 (m, 1H), 5.15–5.06 (m, 2H), 4.78–4.67 (m, 1H), 3.80 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.71–2.54 (m, 2H), 2.06–1.78 (m, 2H), 1.69–1.64 (m, 2H), 1.55–1.35 (m, 2H), 1.10–0.84 (m, 9H), 0.78–0.72 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR: δ 172.7 (172.6), 140.6, 140.4 (140.3), 134.5 (134.4), 132.5 (132.4), 129.1 (129.0), 129.0, 128.9 (128.8), 128.5 (128.4), 117.4 (117.3), 74.4, 57.5 (57.3), 46.9 (46.8), 40.7 (40.5), 40.4 (40.3), 34.1, 31.3, 25.8 (25.7), 23.2 (22.9), 22.0, 20.8 (20.7), 16.1 (15.8). Anal. Calcd for C₂₇H₃₅NO₃S: C, 71.49; H, 7.78; N, 3.09. Found: C, 71.33; H, 7.99; N, 3.24.
- (S)-(3-Butenylimino)(methyl)oxo(phenyl)- λ^6 -sulfane [(S)-5a]. [α] $_D^{25} = +136.9$ (c 2.08, CHCl₃). Other data same as **6a**.
- (*S*)-Methyl[(3-methyl-3-butenyl)imino]oxo(phenyl)- λ^6 -sulfane [(*S*)-5n]. Colorless oil; yield 67%. [α] $_D^{25}$ = +130.6 (c 1.75, CHCl₃); 1 H NMR: δ 7.94–7.90 (m, 2H), 7.62–7.54 (m, 3H), 4.72 (s, 1H), 4.68 (s, 1H), 3.15–3.05 (m, 4H), 2.95–2.86 (m, 1H), 2.29 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 1.69 (s, 3H). 13 C NMR: δ 144.0, 139.6, 132.8, 129.4, 128.6, 110.8, 45.2, 42.5, 40.9, 22.7. Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₇NOS: C, 64.53; H, 7.67; N, 6.27. Found: C, 64.16; H, 7.97; N, 6.23.

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