# Dynamic kinetic resolution of ( $\boldsymbol{S}$ )-mandelate-derived $\alpha$-bromo esters in nucleophilic substitution and asymmetric syntheses of 3-substituted morpholin-2-ones 

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#### Abstract

Dynamic kinetic resolution of ( $S$ )-mandelate-derived $\alpha$-bromo esters in nucleophilic substitution reaction has been investigated. Substitutions with various alkyl amine nucleophiles in the presence of TBAI and DIEA can provide various $\alpha$-amino esters up to $81 \%$ yield and $97: 3 \mathrm{dr}$. Also, the substitution of $\alpha$-bromo esters with $N$-substituted 2 -aminoethanol nucleophiles and following spontaneous cyclization provides a practical protocol for asymmetric syntheses of 3substituted morpholin-2-ones up to 95:5 er.


Keywords: Chiral auxiliary, dynamic kinetic resolution, nucleophilic substitution, asymmetric synthesis, morpholinone

## Introduction

Dynamic kinetic resolution of chiral alcohol-derived $\alpha$-halo esters has been recently recognized as an effective synthetic method for asymmetric syntheses of $\alpha$-heteroatom substituted carboxylic acid derivatives. ${ }^{1-3}$ While the chiral auxiliaries can achieve a useful level of stereoselectivity, it is still desirable to find novel ways to utilize the methodology for practical asymmetric syntheses. We have previously reported ( $S$ )-mandelate-mediated dynamic kinetic resolution of $\alpha$-bromo esters with various aryl amines for asymmetric syntheses of dihydroquinoxalinones and dihydrobenzoxazinones. ${ }^{4}$ Herein we report our recent results on the asymmetric nucleophilic substitution of (S)-mandelate-derived $\alpha$-bromo esters with various alkyl amines for practical asymmetric syntheses of morpholin-2-ones.

## Results and Discussion

Initial studies on ( $S$ )-mandelate-mediated dynamic kinetic resolution were carried out with $\alpha$ bromo phenylacetate 1 and dibenzylamine $\left(\mathrm{Bn}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right)$. When the diastereomeric mixture (1:1) of $(\alpha R S)-\mathbf{1}$ was treated with tetrabutylammonium iodide (TBAI, 1.0 equiv), diisopropylethylamine (DIEA, 1.0 equiv) and dibenzylamine ( 1.5 equiv) in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ at room temperature for 12 h , the amino acid derivative $(\alpha R)-2$ was produced in $81 \%$ yield with $97: 3$ diastereomeric ratio (dr) as shown in Scheme 1. Subsequent reductive cleavage of $(\alpha R)-\mathbf{2}$ using $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$ furnished the enantioenriched $N, N$-dibenzyl 2-aminoalcohol ( $R$ )-3 in $86 \%$ yield with 97:3 enantiomeric ratio (er). The results imply that the $\alpha$-bromo stereogenic center is configurationally labile with respect to the rate of substitution and $(\alpha R S)-\mathbf{1}$ is dynamically resolved under the reaction condition.




Scheme 1. Dynamic kinetic resolution in nucleophilic substitution.

The scope of the observed dynamic kinetic resolution has been examined with $\alpha$-bromo propionate $\mathbf{4}$ as shown in Table 1. When the diastereomeric mixture (1:1) of ( $\alpha R S$ ) $\mathbf{4}$ was treated with dibenzylamine ( 1.5 equiv), TBAI (1.0 equiv) and DIEA ( 1.0 equiv) for 24 h , the amino ester $(\alpha R)-\mathbf{1 1}$ was obtained in $62 \%$ yield with $90: 10$ dr. (entry 1) In the absence of DIEA, the rate of the substitution was substantially decreased to provide 11 in $38 \%$ yield after 24 h with the same selectivity (entry 2). The reaction of $\mathbf{4}$ in the absence of TBAI, however, gave $\mathbf{1 1}$ with a lower stereoselectivity. (entry 3) The substitution of 4 was very slow in the absence of both TBAI and DIEA to provide 11 in $19 \%$ yield with 86:14 dr. (entry 4). The results in entries 2-4 pointed to the importance of the presence of halide ion and base for sufficient rate acceleration and selectivity. The lack of an extraneous halide ion would inhibit the rapid epimerization of 4 thereby decreasing the stereoselection. As shown in entries 5-9, most of the solvents explored
gave similar selectivities to give $\mathbf{1 1}$ with 90:10 dr in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}, 87: 13 \mathrm{dr}$ in THF, 89:11 dr in dioxane, 87:13 dr in acetone and 88:12 dr in ethyl acetate. However, the selectivity was reduced in DMSO or in DMF (entries 10-11) and the reaction was very slow in $n$-hexane or in diethyl ether. Decreasing the reaction temperature reduced the rate of the reaction significantly and a slightly lower selectivity (88:12dr) of $\mathbf{1 1}$ was observed at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Table 1. Substitutions under various reaction conditions

|  |  |  | $\xrightarrow{\mathrm{Bn}_{2} \mathrm{NH}}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Entry ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | R | X | Solvent | Condition | Yield ${ }^{\text {b }}$ (\%) | $\mathrm{Dr}^{\text {c }}$ |
| 1 | Me | OMe (4) | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | DIEA, TBAI | 62 (11) | 90:10 |
| 2 | Me | OMe (4) | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | TBAI | 38 (11) | 90:10 |
| 3 | Me | OMe (4) | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | DIEA | 39 (11) | 84:16 |
| 4 | Me | OMe (4) | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | none | 19 (11) | 86:14 |
| 5 | Me | OMe (4) | $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ | DIEA, TBAI | 70 (11) | 90:10 |
| 6 | Me | OMe (4) | THF | DIEA, TBAI | 48 (11) | 87:13 |
| 7 | Me | OMe (4) | Dioxane | DIEA, TBAI | 52 (11) | 89:11 |
| 8 | Me | OMe (4) | Acetone | DIEA, TBAI | 66 (11) | 87:13 |
| 9 | Me | OMe (4) | Ethyl Acetate | DIEA, TBAI | 46 (11) | 88:12 |
| 10 | Me | OMe (4) | DMSO | DIEA, TBAI | 69 (11) | 83:17 |
| 11 | Me | OMe (4) | DMF | DIEA, TBAI | 66 (11) | 83:17 |
| 12 | Me | OiPr (5) | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | DIEA, TBAI | 49 (12) | 91:9 |
| 13 | Me | NHBn (6) | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | DIEA, TBAI | 45 (13) | 72:28 |
| 14 | Me | $\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4}(7)$ | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | DIEA, TBAI | 91 (14) | 67:33 |
| 15 | Ph | $\mathrm{OiPr}(\mathbf{8})$ | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | DIEA, TBAI | 84 (15) | 97:3 |
| 16 | Ph | NHBn (9) | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | DIEA, TBAI | 50 (16) | 79:21 |
| 17 | Ph | $\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4}(\mathbf{1 0})$ | $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ | DIEA, TBAI | 77 (17) | 67:33 |

${ }^{\text {a }}$ The reactions were carried out for $24 \mathrm{~h} .{ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Isolated yields. ${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ The drs are determined by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR of reaction mixture.

In an effort to improve the stereoselectivity, we examined the substitutions of $\alpha$-bromo propionates with three different chiral auxiliaries derived from ( $S$ )-mandelic acid. No substantial difference has been found in the reaction of $\mathbf{5}$ derived from isopropyl mandelate. However, much lower stereoselectivities were noted for the substitution reactions of $\mathbf{6}$ and $\mathbf{7}$ derived from mandelamides. (entries 12-14) Also, a similar trend in stereoselectivity was observed with $\alpha$ bromo phenylacetates 8, 9 and 10. (entries 15-17)

Table 2. Substitutions with various alkyl amine nucleophiles

${ }^{\text {a }}$ The reactions were carried out for $24 \mathrm{~h} .{ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Isolated yields. ${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ The drs are determined by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR of reaction mixture.

Next, we examined six different alkyl amine nucleophiles to evaluate the scope of the dynamic kinetic resolution as shown in Table 2. The treatment of $\alpha$-bromo phenylacetate $\mathbf{1}$ with
dibutylamine (1.5 equiv) in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ for 24 h at room temperature gave 20 in $92 \%$ yield with $91: 9$ dr. (entry 1) Under the same reaction conditions, the reaction of $\alpha$-bromo propionate 4 with the secondary amine gave $N, N$-dibutyl amino ester 21 with a slightly lower dr. (entry 2 ) In the reactions with diallylamine nucleophile, similar stereoselectivities were obtained in the reactions of $\alpha$-bromo acetates 1 and 4. (entries 3-4) Notably, when cyclic secondary amine nucleophiles were used, the reactions gave much lower stereoselectivities (entries 5-9). Also, the reactions with two primary amines provided the products $\mathbf{2 9}-\mathbf{3 2}$ with lower selectivities compared to the reactions of the corresponding $\alpha$-bromo acetates with dibenzylamine (entries 10-13). Limited results in Table 2 indicate that both the size of amine nucleophiles and the nature of the $\alpha$ substituent of $\alpha$-bromo acetates significantly affect the stereoselectivity of the nucleophilic substitution.

Table 3. Asymmetric synthesis of 3-substituted morpholin-2-one


$1(\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Ph})$
4 ( $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{Me}$ )
19 ( $\mathrm{R}=n-\mathrm{Bu}$ )

(R)-33-39

| Entry $^{\mathrm{a}}$ | R | $\mathrm{R}^{\prime}$ | Yield $^{\mathrm{b}}(\%)$ | $\mathrm{Er}^{\mathrm{c}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Ph |  | $81(\mathbf{3 3})$ | $90: 10$ |

84:16
$3 n-\mathrm{Bu}$

72 (35) 67:33
$4 \quad \mathrm{Ph}$

60 (36)
87:13
5
Ph

58 (37)
91:9

| Entry $^{\mathrm{a}}$ | R | $\mathrm{R}^{\prime}$ | Yield $^{\mathrm{b}}(\%)$ | $\mathrm{Er}^{\mathrm{c}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | Ph | $55(38)$ | $91: 9$ |  |
| 7 | Ph |  | $66(39)$ | $95: 5$ |

${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$ The reactions were carried out for $24-72 \mathrm{~h} .{ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ Isolated yields. ${ }^{\mathrm{c}}$ The ers are determined by chiral stationary phase-HPLC.

Encouraged by the high enantioselectivities in the reactions of $\alpha$-bromo acetates with various secondary amines, we set out to examine the substitutions with $N$-substituted 2-aminoethanol nucleophiles for asymmetric syntheses of 3-substituted morpholin-2-ones as shown in Table 3. When $\alpha$-bromo phenylacetate 1 was treated with $N$-benzyl 2 -aminoethanol, TBAI and DIEA in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ for 24 h at room temperature, we were pleased to observe that the substitution and following spontaneous cyclization gave $N$-benzyl 3-phenyl-morpholin-2-one $\mathbf{3 3}$ in $81 \%$ yield with 90:10 er ${ }^{5}$ (entry 1). The reactions of $\alpha$-bromo acetates 4 and 19 the reactions in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ afforded 3-alkyl substituted morpholin-2-ones $\mathbf{3 4}$ and $\mathbf{3 5}$ with lower stereoselectivities of 84:16 er and 67:33 er, respectively (entries 2-3). In an effort to improve the stereoselectivity, we tested various 2 -aminoethanol nucleophiles with different $N$-substituents. The reactions of $\alpha$-bromo phenylacetate 1 with three different $N$-alkyl 2-aminoethanol nucleophiles produced morpholin-2ones 36-38 with similar yields and enantioselectivities. (entries 4-6) As with $N-p$ methoxyphenyl 2-aminoethanol nucleophile, the reaction of $\alpha$-bromo acetate $\mathbf{1}$ provided 3-phenyl-morpholin-2-one 39 with higher stereoselectivity ( $95: 5 \mathrm{dr}$ ) compared to the reaction with $N$-benzyl 2-aminoethanol. (entry 7) The spontaneous cyclization in the reaction with $N$-aryl substituted 2-aminoethanol was relatively slower and N -aryl morpholin-2-one $\mathbf{3 9}$ was obtained in $66 \%$ yield after 3 d stirring.



(R)-41 ( $\left.\mathrm{R}^{\prime}=\mathrm{Bn}\right)$ 58\% yield, 91:9 er
$(R)$-42 (R' = p-MeO-Ph)
72\% yield, 94:6 er



Scheme 2. Asymmetric synthesis of key intermediates of aprepitant.

As an application of the methodology we demonstrated the practical asymmetric syntheses of 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-morpholin-2-ones 41 and 42, the key intermediates in the synthesis of aprepitant known as a potent $\mathrm{NK}_{1}$ receptor antagonist. ${ }^{6}$ When $\alpha$-bromo acetate $\mathbf{4 0}$ was treated with $N$-substituted 2 -aminoethanol in the presence of TBAI and DIEA in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$, the substitution and spontaneous cyclization gave 3-(4-fluorophenyl)-morpholin-2-ones 41 and 42 with 91:9 er and 94:6 er, respectively as shown in Scheme 2.

## Conclusions

We conclude that dynamic kinetic resolution of (S)-mandelate-derived $\alpha$-bromo esters in nucleophilic substitution with alkyl amines can be successfully applied towards the preparation of various enantioenriched amino acid derivatives. The results showed that stereoselectivity depends critically on the $\alpha$-substituent of the $\alpha$-bromo acetate and the structure of the amine nucleophiles. The substitution with N -substituted 2 -aminoethanol nucleophiles and subsequent spontaneous cyclization can provide a general procedure for asymmetric syntheses of 3-
substituted $(R)$-morpholin-2-ones. The mild and practical synthetic method for optically active amino acid derivatives suggests that this DKR approach should be further developed.

## Experimental Section

General. All reactions were performed in oven-dried glassware under nitrogen atmosphere with freshly distilled solvents. Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on silica gel plates with QF-254 indicator and TLC visualization was carried out with UV-light. Flash column chromatography was performed with 230-400 mesh silica gel. Analytical chiral stationary phase HPLC was performed on pump system coupled to absorbance detector ( 254 nm ). Chiral stationary phase columns ( $25 \mathrm{~cm} \times 4.6 \mathrm{~mm}$ i.d.) with isopropanol/hexane mobile phase were used to determine enantiomeric ratios. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra were acquired on U400 $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}, 100.6 \mathrm{MHz}{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\right)$ spectrometer using chloroform-d $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ and purity of the compounds was established to be $>95 \%$ based on ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra.

General procedure for the preparation of $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$-halo esters $1,4-10,18,19$ and 40. Mandelic acid derived ester or amide ( 1.0 equiv), racemic $\alpha$-bromo acid ( 1.0 equiv), DCC ( 1.0 equiv) and DMAP ( 0.2 equiv) were dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ and stirred at room temperature for 3-10 h . The precipitate was filtered off and the organic phase was washed with water. The organic phase was dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$, filtered and concentrated to provide the crude product that was purified by column chromatography on silica gel.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) $\alpha$-bromo-phenylacetate 1. A pale yellow oil was obtained in $54 \%$ yield as a mixture of two diastereomers. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, two diastereomers) 7.57-7.32 (m, 5H), 5.98, $5.97(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.51,5.49(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.69,3.63(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 168.9$, 168.1, 135.8, 133.4, 129.9, 129.8, 129.3, 129.2, 128.0, 76.2, $53.2,46.5$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{BrO}_{4}$ : C, $56.22 ; \mathrm{H}, 4.16$; Found: C, 56.26 ; H, 4.35.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$-bromo-propanoate 4. A pale yellow oil was obtained in $43 \%$ yield as a mixture of two diastereomers. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, two diastereomers) 7.48-7.38 (m, 5H), 5.97, $5.96(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.52,4.47(\mathrm{q}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.70(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.87(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 170.0,169.1,133.5,129.9,129.3,128.0,75.8,53.1,39.8$, 22.0; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{BrO}_{4}$ : C, 47.86; H, 4.35; Found: C, 47.84; H, 4.45 .
(2-Isopropoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) $\alpha$-bromo-propanoate 5. A pale yellow oil was obtained in $61 \%$ yield as a mixture of two diastereomers. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, two diastereomers) 7.50-7.39 (m, 5H), 5.90, (s, 1H), $5.06(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.53,4.48(\mathrm{q}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $1.89(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.14(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right)$ $169.9,168.1,133.8,129.7,129.2,127.9,76.1,70.2,39.7,22.1$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{BrO}_{4}$ $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1\right): 329.0388$. Found: 329.0388.
(2-Benzylamino-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$-bromo-propanoate 6. A pale yellow oil was obtained in $31 \%$ yield as a mixture of two diastereomers. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, two
diastereomers) 7.47-7.20 (m, 10H), 6.74, $6.61(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.20,6.12(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.45(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.81(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 168.2,137.9,135.1,129.6,129.3,128.2,128.1$, 127.9, 127.7, 76.9, 43.9, 40.3, 22.0; $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{BrNO}_{3}$ : C, 57.46; H, 4.82; N, 3.72; Found: C, 57.35; H, 4.93; N, 3.89.
(2-Oxo-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-(S)-1-phenylethyl) $\alpha$-bromo-propanoate 7. A pale yellow oil was obtained in $38 \%$ yield as a mixture of two diastereomers. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, two diastereomers) 7.51-7.29 (m, 5H), 6.05, $6.04(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.50(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.59(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.41(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.14(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.94-1.75(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 170.5,166.1,133.7,129.9,129.4$, 129.0, 76.0, 46.7, 46.3, 40.5, 26.5, 24.2, 22.2; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{BrNO}_{3}$ : C, 52.96; H, 5.33; N, 4.12; Found: C, 52.83; H, 5.44; N, 4.13.
(2-Isopropoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$-bromo-phenylacetate 8. A pale yellow oil was obtained in $71 \%$ yield as a mixture of two diastereomers. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, two diastereomers) 7.57-7.30 (m, 10H), 5.92, 5.90 (s, 1H), 5.49, $5.47(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.06-4.96(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $1.23,1.17,1.10,1.03(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 168.1,167.9,153.8$, 133.7, 133.6, 129.8, 129.4, 129.3, 129.2, 127.9, 76.7, 70.1, 46.7, 22.0, 21.8; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{BrO}_{4}$ : C, 58.33 ; H, 4.89; Found: C, 58.22; H, 4.96.
(2-Benzylamino-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) $\alpha$-bromo-phenylacetate 9. A pale yellow oil was obtained in $40 \%$ yield as a mixture of two diastereomers. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, two diastereomers) $7.38-7.05(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}), 6.52,6.36(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.17,6.15(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5,45,5.42(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 4.43-4.32 (m, 2H); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 168.0,166.8,137.8,135.0,130.0,129.7,129.5$, 129.3, 129.2, 128.9, 128.2, 128.1, 127.8, 127.7, 77.2, 47.4, 43.8; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{BrNO}_{3}$ : C, 63.02; H, 4.60; N, 3.20; Found: C, 63.08; H, 4.70; N, 3.23.
(2-Oxo-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-(S)-1-phenylethyl) $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$-bromo-phenylacetate 10. A pale yellow oil was obtained in $32 \%$ yield as a mixture of two diastereomers. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, two diastereomers) 7.56-7.28 (m, 10H), 6.08, 6.06 (s, 1H), 5.51, $5.50(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.59(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.39(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.14(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.93-1.73(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 168.6,165.9,136.1,133.6$, $129.9,129.4,129.3,129.2,129.0,128.4,76.3,46.8,46.7,46.4,26.5,24.2$. The spectral data of 10 were identical to those of the authentic material reported previously. ${ }^{\text {le }}$
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) $\alpha$-bromo-butanoate 18. A pale yellow oil was obtained in $77 \%$ yield as a mixture of two diastereomers. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, two diastereomers) 7.48-7.38 (m, 5H), $5.97(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.33,4.28(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5$ and $6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.72(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.23 \sim 2.03$ $(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.08,1.06(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$. The spectral data of $\mathbf{1 8}$ were identical to those of the authentic material reported previously. ${ }^{\text {le }}$
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-( $\boldsymbol{S}$ )-1-phenylethyl) $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$-bromo-haxanoate 19. A pale yellow oil was obtained in $47 \%$ yield as a mixture of two diastereomers. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, two diastereomers) 7.47-7.35 (m, 5H), $5.96(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.37,4.32(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6$ and $7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.66(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.17(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.03(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.42-1.32(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 0.89(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}),{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 169.4,168.9$, 133.6, 129.7, 129.2, 128.0, 75.3, 52.8, 45.7, 35.0, 29.6, 21.4, 14.2; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{BrO}_{4}$ : C, 52.49; H, 5.58; Found: C, 52.54; H, 5.70.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-( $\boldsymbol{S}$ )-1-phenylethyl) $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$-bromo-( $\boldsymbol{p}$-fluorophenyl)acetate 40. A pale yellow oil was obtained in $77 \%$ yield as a mixture of two diastereomers. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, two diastereomers) $7.57-7.35(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 7.03(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.98,5.97(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.50,5.47(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.70,3.65$ $(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 168.8,167.9,163.5(\mathrm{~d}, J=247.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 133.4,131.7$, $131.6,131.3(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 130.0,129.3,128.0,116.3(\mathrm{~d}, J=21.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 76.4,53.2$, 45.5; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{BrFO}_{4}$ : C, 53.56; H, 3.70; Found: C, 53.44; H, 3.57.

General procedure for the asymmetric preparation of $\mathbf{2 , 1 1 - 1 7 , 2 0 - 3 9}$ and 41-42. To a solution of $\alpha$-bromo ester ( $\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{4}-10,18,19$ and $\mathbf{4 0}$ ) in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ or $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}(\mathrm{ca} .0 .1 \mathrm{M})$ at room temperature were added DIEA (1.0 equiv), TBAI (1.0 equiv) and a nucleophile (1.5 equiv). After the resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for $12-72 \mathrm{~h}$, the solvent was evaporated and the crude material was purified by column chromatography to give a $\alpha$-amino ester. The drs of $\mathbf{2}, \mathbf{1 1 - 1 7}, \mathbf{2 0}-\mathbf{3 2}$ were determined by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR integration of $\alpha$-hydrogens of two diastereomers and the ers of $\mathbf{3}, \mathbf{3 3 - 3 9}$ and 41-42 were determined by chiral stationary phase HPLC.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) (R)- $\alpha$-dibenzylamino-phenylacetate 2. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, major diastereomer) $7.43-7.22(\mathrm{~m}, 20 \mathrm{H}), 6.05(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.81(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(\mathrm{~s}$, $4 \mathrm{H}), 3.79(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 172.2,169.7,140.0,136.7,133.9,129.7,129.4$, $129.2,128.8,128.7,128.3,128.1,127.5,75.1,65.8,54.5,53.2$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{31} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{NO}_{4}: \mathrm{C}$, 77.64; H, 6.10; N, 2.92; Found: C, 77.20; H, 6.18; N, 2.84.
(R)-2-dibenzylamino-2-phenylethanol 3. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.44-7.25(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}), 4.14$ $(\mathrm{dd}, J=10.6,10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.96-3.90(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.62(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.15(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.01$ (br, 1H). The enantiomeric ratio of $\mathbf{3}$ was determined to be $97: 3$ in favor of the $R$ enantiomer by CSP-HPLC using racemic material as a standard. (Chiralcel OD column; 10\% 2-propanol in hexane; $0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}): 12.7 \mathrm{~min}(R), 19.4 \mathrm{~min}(S)$.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) ( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )- $\alpha$-dibenzylamino-propanoate $11 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, $400 \mathrm{MHz}) 7.51-7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}), 5.97(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.89(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $3.74(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.65(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.35(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right)$ $173.6,169.8,140.4,134.4,129.7,129.3,129.2,128.7,128.1,127.4,74.9,56.3,54.7,53.1,15.5 ;$ Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ : C, 74.80 ; H, 6.52; N, 3.35; Found: C, 74.86; H, 6.67; N, 3.15.
(2-Isopropoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) (R)- $\alpha$-dibenzylamino-propanoate 12. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.51-7.22(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}), 5.90(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.09(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.89(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $3.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.64(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.36(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $3 \mathrm{H}), 1.15(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 173.6,168.8,140.3,134.5,129.2$, 129.1, 129.0, 128.6, 128.0, 127.3, 75.3, 69.9, 56.3, 54.6, 22.1, 21.9, 15.6; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{NO}_{4}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1\right): 446.2331$. Found: 446.2332 .
(2-Benzylamino-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) (R)- $\alpha$-dibenzylamino-propanoate 13. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.37-7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 20 \mathrm{H}), 6.43(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.15(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.45(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $14.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.60(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.32(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 172.4,168.7,139.9,138.1,136.0,129.4,129.2,128.9,128.8,128.1,128.0$,
127.7, 127.5, 75.9, 56.6, 54.8, 43.7, 14.1; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}: \mathrm{C}, 78.02 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.55$; N , 5.69; Found: C, 78.03; H, 6.62; N, 5.77.
(2-Oxo-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-(S)-1-phenylethyl) (R)- $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$-dibenzylamino-propanoate $\mathbf{1 4} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.54-7.15(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}), 6.04(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.87(\mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.66-3.58(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.44-3.41$ $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.19-3.13(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.92-1.68(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100\right.$ $\mathrm{MHz}) 173.9,166.8,140.6,134.5,129.4,129.3,129.2,129.1,128.6,127.2,75.0,56.2,54.6,46.8$, 46.4, 26.6, 24.3, 15.9; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ : C, 76.29 ; H, 7.06; N, 6.14; Found: C, 76.24; H, 7.06; N, 6.13.
(2-Isopropoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) ( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )- $\alpha$-dibenzylamino-phenylacetate 15. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.44-7.23(\mathrm{~m}, 20 \mathrm{H}), 5.97(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.13(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.79(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{H})$, $1.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.18(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 172.1,168.7$, $140.0,136.8,134.2,129.5,129.4,129.2,129.1,128.7,128.6,128.2,128.0,127.4,75.5,70.0$, 65.8, 54.4, 22.2, 21.9; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{33} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{NO}_{4}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1\right)$ : 508.2488. Found: 508.2489.
(2-Benzylamino-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) ( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )- $\alpha$-dibenzylamino-phenylacetate $\mathbf{1 6} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.41-7.16(\mathrm{~m}, 25 \mathrm{H}), 6.36(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.29(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.70(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.40(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 3.74 (m, 4H); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 170.7,168.5,139.6,138.1,136.2,135.8,129.2$, 129.1, 129.0, 128.8, 128.7, 128.1, 128.0, 127.5, 76.0, 66.3, 54.5, 43.7; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{37} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ : C, 80.12; H, 6.18; N, 5.05; Found: C, 80.10; H, 6.08; N, 5.01.
(2-(1-Pyrrolidinyl)-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) (R)- $\alpha$-dibenzylamino-phenylacetate 17. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.48-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 20 \mathrm{H}), 6.12(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.74(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.87(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 3.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.69(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.46(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.21(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.99-1.77(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}),{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$
NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 172.5,166.7,140.2,137.1,134.1,129.7,129.5,129.3,129.2,129.1$, $128.6,128.5,128.1,127.3,75.3,65.6,54.4,46.8,46.4,26.6,24.3$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{34} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1\right): 519.2648$. Found: 519.2646.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) (R)- $\alpha$-dibutylamino-phenylacetate 20. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.49-7.29(\mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{H}), 5.97(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.77(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.72(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.59(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H})$, $1.42(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.21(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 0.81(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}),{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 172.3,169.6$, 137.4, 134.1, 129.5, 129.2, 129.1, 128.6, 128.4, 128.0, 74.9, 68.7, 52.9, 50.7, 30.3, 20.7, 14.4; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ : C, 72.96 ; H, 8.08; N, 3.40. Found: C, 73.01; H, 7.72; N, 3.41.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-( $\boldsymbol{S}$ )-1-phenylethyl) ( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )- $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$-dibutylamino-propanoate $\mathbf{2 1} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, $400 \mathrm{MHz}) 7.48-7.26(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 5.91(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.71(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.67(\mathrm{q}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.64-2.58(\mathrm{~m}$, $4 \mathrm{H}), 1.43-1.26(\mathrm{~m}, 11 \mathrm{H}), 0.88(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 174.0,169.8,134.4,129.5$, 129.1, 128.0, 74.7, 58.3, 53.0, 51.3, 31.6, 20.8, 16.2, 14.5; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{31} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ : C, 68.74; H, 8.94; N, 4.01; Found: C, 68.70; H, 6.52; N, 3.35.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) (R)- $\alpha$-diallylamino-phenylacetate $\mathbf{2 2} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, $400 \mathrm{MHz}) 7.42-7.25(\mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{H}), 5.97(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.83(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.25(\mathrm{~d}, J=17.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.14(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $10.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.85(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.71(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right)$ $172.2,169.6,136.8,136.1,134.0,129.6,129.2,129.1,128.8,128.4,128.0,118.2,75.1,67.4$, 53.3, 53.0; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ : C, $72.80 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.64$; $\mathrm{N}, 3.69$. Found: C, $73.21 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.38 ; \mathrm{N}$, 3.62.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) ( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )- $\alpha$-diallylamino-propanoate $\mathbf{2 3}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$, $400 \mathrm{MHz}) 7.49-7.38(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 5.92(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.80(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.26(\mathrm{dd}, J=17.1$ and $1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $5.12(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.78(\mathrm{q}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.73(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.36(\mathrm{dd}, J=14.5$ and 5.2 Hz , $2 \mathrm{H}), 3.24(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.5$ and $7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.31(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right)$ 173.7, 169.7, 137.1, 134.3, 129.6, 129.2, 128.0, 117.5, 74.8, 57.3, 53.8, 53.0, 15.7; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ : C, 68.12; H, 7.30; N, 4.41; Found: C, 68.18; H, 7.32; N, 4.16.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) (R)- $\alpha$-(1-piperidinyl)-propanoate 24. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, $400 \mathrm{MHz}) 7.49-7.38(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 5.93(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.72(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.46(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.73(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $2.58(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.59(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 1.45(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.34(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right)$ 173.1, 169.7, 134.3, 129.6, 129.2, 128.0, 74.7, 63.2, 53.0, 50.8, 26.8, 25.0, 15.3; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ : C, 66.86; H, 7.59; N, 4.59; O, 20.96. Found: C, 66.80; H, 7.74; N, 4.62.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) (R)- $\alpha$-(1-piperidinyl)-butanoate 25. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, $400 \mathrm{MHz}) 7.49-7.38(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 5.93(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.72(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.21(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.3$ and 8.2 Hz 1 H$), 2.75$ $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.55(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.78(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.58-1.43(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 0.92(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 172.5,169.7,134.4,129.6,129.2,128.0,74.6,69.9,52.9,50.8,27.0,25.1$, 23.3, 11.1; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ : C, 67.69; H, 7.89; N, 4.39; Found: C, 67.75; H, 8.11; N, 4.54 .
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-( $\boldsymbol{S}$ )-1-phenylethyl) ( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )- $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$-(1-piperidinyl)-hexanoate 26. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, $400 \mathrm{MHz}) 7.49-7.35(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 5.92(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3,72(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.29(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.77(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.63(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.54(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.85-1.29(\mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{H}), 0.88(\mathrm{t}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right)$ $172.5,169.7,134.3,129.6,129.2,128.0,74.6,68.3,52.9,50.7,29.7,28.7,27.0,25.1,23.0,14.4$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ : C, 69.14; H, 8.41; N, 4.03; Found C, 69.10; H, 8.58; N, 4.02.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) $\quad(\boldsymbol{R})$ - $\alpha$-(3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-isoquinolinyl)-phenyl acetate 27. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.52-7.07(\mathrm{~m}, 14 \mathrm{H}), 5.93(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.44(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.75(\mathrm{~s}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 3.69(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.87(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 171.6,169.5,136.1,134.9,133.1$, $129.6,129.4,129.2,129.1,129.0,128.9,128.0,127.2,126.6,126.1,75.2,73.2,54.1,53.1,48.7$, 29.4; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ : C, 75.16; H, 6.06; N, 3.37; Found: C, 75.03; H, $6.12 \mathrm{~N}, 3.15$.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) (R)- $\alpha$-(3,4-dihydro-2(1H)-isoquinolinyl)-propanoate 28. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.49-7.00(\mathrm{~m}, 9 \mathrm{H}), 5.95(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.99(\mathrm{~d}, J=14.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.90$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=14.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.72(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.70(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.12(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.91(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 1.45(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 172.9,169.6,135.4,134.8,134.1,129.7,129.3,129.1,128.1$, $127.0,126.4,125.9,74.9,62.2,53.0,52.3,47.4,30.2$, 15.6; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ : C, 71.37; H, 6.56; N, 3.96; Found: C, 71.48; H, 6.59; N, 3.85.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-( $\boldsymbol{S}$ )-1-phenylethyl) ( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )- $\alpha$-diphenylmethylamino-phenylacetate $\quad \mathbf{2 9} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.50-7.23(\mathrm{~m}, 20 \mathrm{H}), 5.96(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.89(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.51(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.75(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 173.3,169.4,143.8,143.3,138.0,133.9,129.2,129.1,129.0$, $128.5,128.1,128.0,127.9,127.7,75.3,65.0,63.2,53.1$; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{NO}_{4}: \mathrm{C}, 77.40 ; \mathrm{H}$, 5.85; N, 3.01;. Found: C, 77.42; H, 6.07; N, 3.00.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) ( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )- $\alpha$-diphenylmethylamino-propanoate 30. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.51-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}), 5.97(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.95(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.46(\mathrm{q}, J=7.0$
$\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.17(\mathrm{br}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.34(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 170.1,169.5$, 144.6, 134.1, 129.7, 129.2, 128.9, 128.1, 127.8, 127.7, 75.0, 65.5, 54.8, 53.1, 19.8; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{NO}_{4}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1\right)$ : 404.1862 . Found: 404.1861 .
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) ( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )- $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$-benzylamino-phenylacetate $\mathbf{3 1}{ }^{1}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, $400 \mathrm{MHz}) 7.47-7.21(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}), 5.94(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.59(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.80(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.70(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.30(\mathrm{br}$, $1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 173.1,169.5,139.9,137.9,133.9,129.6,129.1,128.9,128.8$, 128.6, 128.0, 127.8, 127.6, 75.3, 64.7, 53.1, 51.8; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ : C, 74.02; H, 5.95; N, 3.60;. Found: C, 74.04; H, 5.93 N, 3.64.
(2-Methoxy-2-oxo-(S)-1-phenylethyl) ( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )- $\alpha$-benzylamino-butanoate $\mathbf{3 2} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, 400 MHz , major diastereomer) 7.47-7.25 (s, 10H), $5.98(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.87(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.75$ (s, 3H), $3.67(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.36(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.73(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 0.93(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$. The spectral data of $\mathbf{3 2}$ were identical to those of the authentic material reported previously. ${ }^{\text {le }}$
$\boldsymbol{N}$-Benzyl-3-(R)-phenyl-morpholin-2-one 33. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}$ ) 7.58-7.24 (m, 10H), $4.55(\mathrm{dt}, J=11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.37(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.26(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.17(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.99(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.64(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$. The spectral data of 33 were identical to those of the authentic material reported previously. ${ }^{6 a}$ CSP-HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H column; 10\% 2propanol in hexane; $0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$ ) $90: 10 \mathrm{er}, 20.9 \mathrm{~min}$ (major enantiomer), 24.7 min (minor enantiomer).
$\boldsymbol{N}$-Benzyl-3-( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )-methyl-morpholin-2-one 34. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.34-7.28(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H})$, $4.32(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.96(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.42(\mathrm{q}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.86$ (dt, $J=12.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.52(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.56(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$. The spectral data of 35 were identical to those of the authentic material reported previously. ${ }^{7}$ CSP-HPLC (Chiralpak OJH column; 5\% 2-propanol in hexane; $0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$ ) 84:16 er, 54.6 min (major enantiomer), 56.4 min (minor enantiomer).
$\boldsymbol{N}$-Benzyl-3-( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )-butyl-morpholin-2-one 35. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.37-7.26(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H})$, 4.35-4.26 (m, 1H), $3.97(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.36(\mathrm{t}, J=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $2.88(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.50(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.09-1.86(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.62(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.36-1.31(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.92(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 171.4,137.8,129.2,129.0,127.9,68.2,65.3,59.1,47.1$, 30.9, 27.6, 23.1, 14.4; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ : C, 72.84; H, 8.56; N, 5.66; Found: C, 72.77; H, 8.67; N, 5.73; CSP-HPLC (Chiralpak OD column; 5\% 2-propanol in hexane; $0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$ ) 68:32 er, 22.2 min (minor enantiomer), 28.2 min (major enantiomer).
$\boldsymbol{N}$-( $\boldsymbol{m}$-Methylbenzyl)-3-( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )-phenyl-morpholin-2-one 36. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.58-$ $7.03(\mathrm{~m}, 9 \mathrm{H}), 4.54(\mathrm{dt}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.34(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.24(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.73(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.12(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.97(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.62(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.32(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100$ $\mathrm{MHz}) 169.3,138.5,137.9,137.2,130.0,129.3,129.2,128.9,128.8,128.7,126.3,71.0,69.1$, 59.2, 47.3, 21.8; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{NO}_{2}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1\right)$ : 282.1494. Found: 282.1497; CSP-HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H column; $10 \%$ 2-propanol in hexane; $0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$ ) $81: 19 \mathrm{er}, 17.0 \mathrm{~min}$ (major enantiomer), 19.8min (minor enantiomer).
$\boldsymbol{N}$-( $\boldsymbol{p}$-Methoxybenzyl)-3-( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )-phenyl-morpholin-2-one 37. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.58-$ $7.31(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 7.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.85(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.54(\mathrm{dt}, J=11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$,
$1 \mathrm{H}), 4.37(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.24(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.79(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.71(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.12(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.99(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.64(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 169.3,159.5,138.0,130.5$, $129.3,129.2,129.1,128.8,114.2,70.8,69.1,58.6,55.7,47.1$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1\right)$ : 298.1443. Found: 298.1445; CSP-HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H column; 10\% 2-propanol in hexane; $0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$ ) $91: 9 \mathrm{er}, 27.1 \mathrm{~min}$ (major enantiomer), 33.7 min (minor enantiomer).
$\boldsymbol{N}$-(1-Naphtylmethyl)-3-(S)-phenyl-morpholin-2-one 38. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.82-$ $7.38(\mathrm{~m}, 12 \mathrm{H}), 4.43(\mathrm{dt}, J=10.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.29(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.28(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.51(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.89(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.62(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right)$ $169.4,138.0$, 134.3, 133.0, 132.6, 129.7, 129.2, 129.1, 129.0, 128.9, 128.3, 126.3, 126.2, 125.5, 124.9, 72.2, 69.1, 58.0, 47.3; Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{O}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$ : C, 79.47; H, 6.03; N, 4.41; Found: C, 79.38; H, 6.20; N, 4.41; CSP-HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H column; 10\% 2-propanol in hexane; $0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$ ) $91: 9 \mathrm{er}, 22.6 \mathrm{~min}$ (major enantiomer), 27.8 min (minor enantiomer).
$\boldsymbol{N}$-(p-Methoxyphenyl)-3-(S)-phenyl-morpholin-2-one 39. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.52$ $7.33(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}), 6.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.61(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.43(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.47(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.75$ (s, 3H), $3.68(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 100 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 169.0,153.4,142.0,136.9,129.5,128.8$, $119.8,115.4,114.3,65.4,65.0,56.1,44.4$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NO}_{3}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right): 283.1208$. Found: 283.1208; CSP-HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H column; 10\% 2-propanol in hexane; $0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$ ) $95: 5$ $\mathrm{er}, 38.1 \mathrm{~min}$ (major enantiomer), 42.8 min (minor enantiomer).
$\boldsymbol{N}$-Benzyl-3-( $\boldsymbol{R}$ )-( $\boldsymbol{p}$-fluorophenyl)-morpholin-2-one 41. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\right) 7.58-7.07$ $(\mathrm{m}, 9 \mathrm{H}), 4.54(\mathrm{dt}, J=11.1$ and $3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.37(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.24(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.99(\mathrm{dd}, J=12.9$ and $2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.65(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$. The spectral data of 41 were identical to those of the authentic material reported previously. ${ }^{6 c}$ CSP-HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H column; 10\% 2-propanol in hexane; $0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$ ) 90:10 er, 20.0 min (major enantiomer), 23.3 min (minor enantiomer).
$\boldsymbol{N}$-( $\boldsymbol{p}$-Methoxyphenyl)-3-( $\boldsymbol{S}$ )-(p-fluorophenyl)-morpholin-2-one 42. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, 400\right.$ $\mathrm{MHz}) 7.49(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.6$ and $8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.06(\mathrm{t}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.61$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.36(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.49(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 3.75(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.65(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}),{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$, $100 \mathrm{MHz}) 168.9,163.0(\mathrm{~d}, J=246.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 153.7,141.8,132.7,128.6(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, 116.5 (d, $J=21.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), 115.4, 114.7, 65.6, $64.7,56.1,44.6$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{FNO}_{3}$ $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right):$301.1114. Found: 301.1116; CSP-HPLC (Chiralpak AD-H column; 10\% 2-propanol in hexane; $0.5 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{min}$ ) 94:6 er, 41.6 min (major enantiomer), 43.2 min (minor enantiomer).

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